

C1  
C  
5. (Twice Amended) The corpectomy device of claim 41, wherein said first member comprises a hollow member, said first member and said second member defining a chamber therebetween.

C2  
10. 11. (Thrice Amended) The corpectomy device of claim 41 wherein said first member comprises a hollow member having a longitudinal axis and perforations for permitting ingrowth of bone, blood vessels and other tissue, said second member moveable in an axial direction with respect to said first member and having perforations for permitting ingrowth of bone, blood vessels and other tissue, said second member defining a chamber with said first member for movement in said axial direction; and said perforations include:

i) elongated perforations extending in the axial direction on one of said first member and said second member; and

ii) substantially circular perforations on the other of said first member and said second member.

C3  
15. 26. (Thrice Amended) The corpectomy device of claim 41 wherein said first member comprises a hollow, outer tubular member having a longitudinal axis and a passage,

said second member comprises an inner tubular member moveable in an axial direction with respect to said first member, said second member defining a chamber with said first member and being slidably and telescopingly received in said passage of said first member for movement in said axial direction; and said outer tubular member including a wall having

*call*  
*C3*  
an inner surface defining said passage and an outer surface,  
said outer surface defining a circular cross-sectional shape.

Please cancel claim 1.

~~Insert new claim 41 as follows:~~

C4  
SUS  
41. (New) A corpectomy device, comprising a first member having a longitudinal axis and a second member, the first member and the second member being movable with respect to one another in an axial direction; and

a locking clip rotatably mounted on the first member and movable between a first unlocked position, in which the locking clip engages the second member, and a second locked position for allowing the first member and the second member to move in the axial direction with respect to one another.